Allied for Accounting & Auditing E&Y Public accountants & consultants

KPMG Hazem Hassan Public accountants & consultants

Report on Review of unconsolidated Interim Financial Statements

To: The Board of directors of Commercial International Bank (Egypt) S.A.E

Introduction

We have performed a review for the accompanying unconsolidated balance sheet of Commercial International Bank (Egypt) S.A.E as of 30 June 2009 and the related unconsolidated statements of income, cash flows and changes in equity for the financial period from January 1st, 2009 up to June 30th, 2009, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these unconsolidated interim financial statements in accordance with central bank of Egypt's rules, pertaining to the preparation and presentation & the financial statements, issued on June 27, 2002 and it's amendments, including amendments that relates to financial investments issued on December 16, 2008 and in light of the prevailing Egyptian laws. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these unconsolidated interim financial statements based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with Egyptian Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of unconsolidated Interim Financial Statements Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Bank." A review of unconsolidated interim financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters in the Bank, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Egyptian Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion on these unconsolidated interim financial statements.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying unconsolidated interim financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the unconsolidated financial position of the Bank as at 30 June 2009, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the financial period then ended in accordance with central bank of Egypt's rules, pertaining to the preparation and presentation & the financial statements, issued on June 27, 2002 and it's amendments, including amendments that relates to financial investments issued on December 16,

2008 and in light of the prevailing Egyptian laws.

Auditors

Giza Cairo Egypt Ehab Fawzy Akl

KPMG Hazem Hassan Public accountants & consultants

Alex Road

Allied for Accounting & Auditing E&Y Rublic accountants & consultants

Nabil Akram Istanbouli

Cairo, 12 August 2009



Activities report for the Period from 1 Jan.2009 to 30 June.2009

The following are the significant variances for the Balance Sheet and Income Statement as of June 30,2009 compared to December 31,2008

		Balance As Of	Balance As Of	Variance
	1) Balance sheet	30 Jun.2009	31 Dec.2008	%
	(amounts in EGP Billion)			
	Total assets	62.4	57.1	9.3
-				
•	Contingent Liabilities & Commitments	13.0	13.3	(2.3)
	Loans & Overdraft (Net)	27.2	26.3	3.4
· ·	Investments	10.2	5.1	99.4
-	Treasury Bills and other Governmental Notes	11.2	12.4	(10.1)
0.0	Customers Deposits	50.9	48.9	4.1
-	Other Provisions	0.4	0.4	0.0
-	Total Shareholders' Equity & Net Profit	6.2	5.6	10.7
	2) Income statement	From 1 Jan 2009	From 1 Jan 2008	Variance
	(amounts in EGP Million)	to 30 Jun 2009	to 30 Jun 2008	%
12	Interest received	2,012.7	1684.6	19.5
02	Interest paid	(1,059.4)	(928.4)	14.1
-	Banking Fees & Commissions	281.7	340.6	(17.3)
· =	Net Profit After Tax	933.9	967.7	(3.5)



S.A.E <u>Unconsolidated Balance Sheet In</u> <u>Jun. 30, 2009</u>

	Assets:-	Note No.	<u>Jun. 30, 2009</u> <u>EGP</u>	Dec. 31, 2008 EGP
	Cash and Due From Central Bank Due From Banks Treasury Bills and other Governmental Notes Trading Financial Assets Loans and Overdrafts Financial Derivatives Financial Investments: Available for Sale - Held to Maturity - Financial Investments in Subsidiary and Associated Co. Debit Balances and Other Assets Deferred Tax Fixed Assets (Net)	(5) (6) (7) (8) (12) & (11) (13) (9) (9) (14) (16) (28) (17)	4,114,701,616 7,807,348,485 11,154,734,981 774,306,116 27,161,846,172 430,722,763 7,575,555,122 638,693,110 1,138,493,937 754,460,068 31,220,934 773,811,530	4,473,011,942 6,411,397,744 12,449,007,406 497,554,487 26,330,327,878 704,890,792 2,762,232,984 681,263,274 1,138,332,672 942,621,482 21,840,568 715,251,587
_	Total Assets Liabilities and Shareholder's Equity:- Liabilities:- Due to Banks	(18)	3,573,891,247	213,470,012
- - -	Customers Deposits Financial Derivatives Credit Balances and Other Liabilities Long Term Loans Other Provisions Total Liabilities	(19) (13) (20) (21) (22)	50,929,446,540 308,473,371 869,125,264 108,168,665 375,312,389 56,164,417,476	48,938,109,663 636,914,744 1,235,780,102 109,273,933 363,218,186 51,496,766,640
-	Shareholders' Equity:- Issued and Paid in Capital Reserves Reserve for employee stock ownership plan (ESOP) Retained Earning Total Shareholders' Equity	(23) (23)	2,925,000,000 2,207,473,741 126,996,263 (1,942,684) 5,257,527,320	2,925,000,000 1,006,080,499 86,727,903 (1,942,684) 4,015,865,718
	Net Profit of the Period / Year Total Shareholders' Equity and Net Profit Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity		933,950,038 6,191,477,358 62,355,894,834	1,615,100,458 5,630,966,176 57,127,732,816
	Contingent Liabilities and Commitments letters of Credit, Guarantees and Other Commitments	(24)	12,991,908,320	13,290,994,705

The Accompanying Notes are an Integral part of the Financial Statements and are to be Read Therewith (Review Report attached)

Hisham Ezz El-Arab Chairman & Managing Director



S.A.E Unconsolidated Income Statement For The Period Ended Jun. 30, 2009

					Last 3 Months	Last 6 Months	Last 3 Months	Last 6 Months
				Note No.	Jun. 30, 2009	Jun. 30, 2009	Jun. 30, 2008	Jun. 30, 2008
					EGP	EGP	EGP	EGP
							(Restated)	(Restated)
-	Interest and similar income			(25)	990,789,926	2,012,664,456	839,800,535	1,684,590,269
-	Interest and similar Expenses			(25)	(528,687,703)	(1,059,411,520)	(469,923,067)	(928,362,172)
	Net Interest Income				462,102,223	953,252,936	369,877,468	756,228,097
-	Fess & Commissions Income				164,295,460	313,645,336	171,065,154	363,936,283
-	Fess & Commissions Expense				(15,958,179)	(31,987,769)	(12,664,732)	(23,332,096)
	Net Income From Fess & Commissions				148,337,281	281,657,567	158,400,422	340,604,187
-	Dividends Income				24,741,535	124,448,940	67,721,819	124,108,529
-	Net Trading Income			(26)	146,157,868	319,080,163	101,144,101	229,790,721
-	Provisions	(12)	&	(22)	(19,077,250)	(61,497,940)	(1,000,000)	(164,354,750)
-	Profit from Financial Investments			(9)	33,387,110	31,032,893	78,467,133	94,481,354
-	Administrative Expenses				(277,675,891)	(530,589,594)	(220,058,596)	(407,483,408)
-	Other Operating (Expenses) Income			(10)	10,698,344	(16,262,131)	38,093,918	132,414,060
	Net Profit Before Tax				528,671,220	1,101,122,834	592,646,265	1,105,788,790
-	Income Tax			(29)	(95,953,775)	(176,553,162)	(75,350,356)	(105,794,579)
-	Deferred Tax	(29)	&	(28)	3,242,987	9,380,366	3,942,245	(32,270,421)
	Net Profit After Tax				435,960,432	933,950,038	521,238,154	967,723,790
	Earning Per Share							
-	Basic			(30)	1.32	2.83	1.58	2.93
-	Diluted			(30)	1.29	2.76	1.56	2.90

Hisham Ezz El-Arab Chairman & Managing Director



S.A.E Unconsolidated Cash Flow For The Period Ended Jun. 30, 2009

	<u>Jun. 30, 2009</u> <u>EGP</u>	<u>Jun. 30, 2008</u> <u>EGP</u>
Cash Flow From Operating Activities:-		(Restated)
- Net Income Before Tax	1,101,122,834	1,105,788,790
Adjustments To Reconcile Net Income To Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities		
- Depreciation	94,192,342	65,209,394
- Provisions (Formed During The Period)	61,497,940	164,755,386
- Trading Financial Investments Evaluation Differences	(20,074,180)	15,280,544
- Impairment Of Assets	(1,163,011)	-
- Utilization Of Provisions (Except Provision For Doubtful Debts)	(5,061,073)	(10,361,191)
- Provisions No Longer Used	-	(94,706,704)
- Fcy Revaluation Differences Of Provisions Balances (Except Doubtful Debts)	1,916,734	(1,783,606)
- Losses From Selling Fixed Assets	(15,393,221)	(5,034,478)
- Losses From Selling Financial Investments	(45,535,354)	(60,545,338)
- Losses From Selling An Investment In Subsidiary	-	(50,258,991)
- Fcy Revaluation Diff.Of Long Term Loans	308,628	729,177
- Share Based Payments	40,268,360	28,850,246
Operating Profits Before Changes In Operating Assets And Liabilities	1,212,079,998	1,157,923,229
Net Decrease (Increase) In Assets		
- Due From Banks	(1,910,710,733)	(1,015,132,615)
- Treasury Bills And Other Governmental Notes	2,216,468,549	55,781,462
- Trading Financial Assets	(256,677,448)	(205,492,841)
- Financial Derivatives (Net)	(54,273,344)	(28,138,148)
- Loans And Overdrafts	(873,938,640)	(3,902,357,346)
Net Increase (Decrease) In Liabilities		
- Debit Balances And Other Assets	129,174,480	(629,643,698)
- Due To Banks	3,360,421,235	1,741,061,367
- Customers Deposits	1,991,336,877	6,103,350,907
- Credit Balances And Other Liabilities	(543,208,000)	4,449,444
Net Cash Provided From Operating Activities	5,270,672,974	3,281,801,761



S.A.E Unconsolidated Cash Flow For The Period Ended Jun. 30, 2009

	<u>Jun. 30, 2009</u> <u>EGP</u>	Jun, 30, 2008 <u>EGP</u>
Cash Flow From Investing Activities:-		
- Sale Of Subsidiaries And Associated Companies	64,368,072	18,126,009
- Purchase Of Fixed Assets , Premises And Fitting- Out Of Branches	(82,211,182)	(80,245,398)
- Redemption Of Held To Maturity Financial Investments	48,739,592	157,040,360
- Held To Maturity Financial Investment Purchases	(6,169,428)	-
- Available For Sale Financial Investment	(4,766,623,773)	(1,129,488,697)
Net Cash (Used In) Provided From Investing Activities	(4,741,896,719)	(1,034,567,726)
Cash Flow From Financing Activities:-		
- Increase (Decrease) In Long - Term Loans	(1,413,896)	(36,184,758)
- Dividends Paid	(478,236,553)	(336,727,470)
Net Cash (Used In) Financing Activities	(479,650,449)	(372,912,228)
Net Cash And Cash Equivalent Changes	49,125,805	1,874,321,807
Beginning Balance Of Cash And Cash Equivalent	8,622,040,072	6,779,152,548
Cash And Cash Equivalent Balance At The End Of The Period	8,671,165,877	8,653,474,355
Cash And Cash Equivalent Are Represented As Follows:-		
- Cash And Due From Central Bank	4,114,701,615	7,218,498,485
- Due From Banks	7,807,348,485	14,522,244,685
- Treasury Bills And Other Governmental Notes	11,154,734,981	2,776,871,582
- Due From Banks (Time Deposits)	(7,627,665,005)	(14,279,351,149)
- Treasury Bills With Maturity More Than Three Months	(6,777,954,199)	(1,584,789,248)
Total Cash And Cash Equivalent	8,671,165,877	8,653,474,355



S.A.E Unconsolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity as of Jun. 30, 2009

						Reserve For A.F.S Investments *		Reserve For Employee Stock Ownership	
<u>2008</u>	Capital	Legal Reserve	General Reserve	Retained Earning*	Special Reserve	Revaluation Diff.	Profits Of The Year	Plan (ESOP)	Total
	EGP	EGP	EGP	EGP	EGP	EGP	EGP	EGP	EGP
- Beginning Balance	1,950,000,000	432,851,511	1,382,547,602	11,628,342	185,993,785	60,903,531		29,159,584	4,053,084,355
- Derivatives Revaluations Settlement*		51	1250	(13,571,026)	-	.7.		1/7/d	(13,571,026)
- Capital Increase *	975,000,000	*	(975,000,000)	525	19	*	@	640	647
- Net Profits Of The Year	ä	÷		-	9		1,615,100,458	•	1,615,100,458
- Usage Part Of Reserve	=	*4	(*)	(1 1)		(81,215,930)	i i	•	(81,215,930)
- Reserve For Employees Stock Ownership Plan (ESOP)**	-19	-81	(E)	(*)		-8	*	57,568,319	57,568,319
Balance At The End Of The Year	2,925,000,000	432,851,511	407,547,602	(1,942,684)	185,993,785	(20,312,399)	1,615,100,458	86,727,903	5,630,966,176

						A.F.S Investments *		Stock Ownership	
2009	Capital	Legal Reserve	General Reserve*	Retained Earning*	Special Reserve	Revaluation Diff.	Profits Of The Period	Plan (ESOP)	Total
	EGP	EGP	EGP	EGP	<u>EGP</u>	EGP	EGP	<u>EGP</u>	EGP
- Balance At Beginning Of The Period	2,925,000,000	432,851,511	407,547,602	(1,942,684)	185,993,785	(20,312,399)	1,615,100,458	86,727,903	5,630,966,176
- Transfer To Reserves		80,755,023	1,056,108,882	(18)		2	(1,136,863,905)	(•)	3.53
- Dividends Paid	9	2	1989	(C#3	14	*	(478,236,553)	(#S)	(478,236,553)
- Net Profits Of The Period	陰	24	H E 8	1/23	92	2	933,950,038	127	933,950,038
- Addition from Financial Investment Revaluation	8	-	3.50	15	in.	64,529,337		200	64,529,337
- Reserve For Employees Stock Ownership Plan (ESOP)**	- 13	•	(#X)	(1 4)		ji.		40,268,360	40,268,360
Balance At The End Of The Period	2,925,000,000	513,606,534	1,463,656,484	(1,942,684)	185,993,785	44,216,938	933,950,038	126,996,263	6,191,477,358

Reserve For

Reserve For Employee

^{*} Note No. (23) ** Note No. (31)

The Commercial International Bank (Egypt) S.A.E. Notes to the Unconsolidated Financial Statements For the Financial Period from January 1, 2009 to June 30, 2009

(1) Organization and Activities

Commercial International Bank (Egypt) S.A.E was formed as a commercial Bank on August 7, 1975 under the Investment Law No. 43 for 1974. The Bank is licensed to carry out all commercial banking activities in Egypt through its Head Office and one hundred & seven branches, in addition to forty eight units.

(2) Significant Accounting Policies

A) Basis of Preparing Financial Statements

The Unconsolidated Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with the Central Bank of Egypt regulations issued on 27th of June 2002 and its amendments in addition to amendments made to the financial investments issued on December 16, 2008 and in accordance with the related Egyptian laws and regulations.

B) Transactions in Foreign Currencies

- The Accounting records of the bank are maintained in Egyptian pounds. Transactions in foreign currencies conducted during the period are recorded at the foreign exchange rates prevailing at the time such transactions take place.
- Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign
 exchange rate prevailing at the balance sheet date. Currency translation differences on all
 monetary financial assets and liabilities are reported in the income statement in the following
 items:-
 - Net trading income or net income arising from financial instruments originally classified as change in fair value through profit and loss for financial assets / liabilities held for trading or originally recorded at fair value through profit and loss.
 - Other operating income (loss) for other items.
- The changes in fair value arising from monetary financial instruments classified as monetary items foreign currencies as available for sale (Debt Instruments) should be segregated to revaluation differences arising from changes in the instrument amortized cost to be recorded in "income from loans" and differences arises from foreign exchange rate changes to be recorded in "other operating income" and differences arises from change in fair value to be recorded in "fair value reserve for available for sale investments".
- Translation differences on non-monetary items (equity securities) held at fair value through income are also reported through income statement whereas for those classified as availablefor-sale are recorded directly in equity within 'Net unrealized gains and losses on availablefor-sale assets' item.

C) Realization of Income

The bank applies the accrual basis in recording interest received from Loans & Overdrafts, Due from Banks,
Treasury Bills, Reverse Repose and Bonds. Interest on past due Loans & Overdrafts are not recorded on the
income statement. Dividends income is recognized when declared.

D) Treasury Bills

 Treasury Bills are recorded at face value. The issuance discount is recorded in Other Liabilities and deducted from the Gross Treasury Bills balance on the Balance Sheet and accounted for at amortized cost using the effective interest rate.

E) Financial Assets Designated at fair value through income:

- Consists of financial assets held for trading & financial assets that the bank upon initial recognition designates
 to be measured at fair value with changes reported in income.
- Financial instruments held for trading are those that the Bank holds primarily for the purpose of short-term
 profit-taking or if it represents a part of specified financial instruments portfolio and there is an evidence of
 short-term profit-taking. Also derivatives are classified as held for trading unless the derivatives are qualified
 under hedging accounting.
- Financial assets designated at fair value through income statement are recognized when It relates to an
 investment portfolio that are managed and evaluated on a fair value basis according to the investment
 strategies and the risk management and been reported to the senior management according to that basis.
- Any derivative or financial instrument that designated to be measured at fair value with changes through profit
 and loss is not reclassified during the holding period from the group of financial instruments if it is initially
 classified as change in fair value through profit and loss.
- At all circumstances the bank should not reclassify any financial instrument into financial instrument measured at fair value with changes through profit and loss or to financial assets held for trading.

F) Held to Maturity Investments

Held to Maturity investments are non-derivative assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed
maturity that the bank management has the ability and the intent to hold it for the foreseeable future or
maturity. Any sales of a significant amount not close to their maturity -except the emergency cases - would
result in the reclassification of all held to maturity investments as available for sale.

G) Available-for-sale Investments

Non-derivative assets that have either been designated as available for sale or do not fit into one of the
categories described above. Equity investments held without significant influence, which are not held for
trading or elected to fair value through income, are classified as available-for-sale.

H) Financial Assets

- For the assets classified at fair value through P/L ,held to maturity investments and available for sale investments buying and selling operations are recognized as usual on the trade date which is the date that the bank is committed to buy or sell the financial asset.
- A financial asset that does not originally classify at fair value through P/L is initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs. A financial asset that is originally classified at fair value through P/L is initially recognized at fair value only and the transaction costs are transferred to P/L in "Net income from trading activities".
- A financial asset is derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows have expired or the Bank has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.
- Available for sale investments and financial assets designated at fair value through P/L are subsequently held
 at fair value whereas held to maturity investments are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest
 rate method.
- Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of available-for-sale assets should be recognized
 directly in equity, through the statement of changes in equity, until the financial asset is sold, collected, or
 otherwise disposed of, at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in equity should be
 recognized in profit or loss.
- Monetary assets' interest income is recognized based on the amortized cost method in the income statement.
 The foreign currency revaluations differences related to available for sale investments are recognized in the income statement. Available for sale equity instruments related dividends are recognized in the income statement when they declared.
- Fair values are obtained from quoted market prices in liquid markets. Where no active market exists, or quoted prices are unobtainable, the fair value is estimated using a variety of valuation techniques including discounted cash flow and other pricing models. Inputs to pricing models are generally market-based when available and taken from reliable external data sources. If the range of reasonable fair value estimates is significant and the probabilities of the various estimates cannot be reasonably assessed, an entity may measure the equity instrument at cost minus any impairment losses.
- Debt instruments can be reclassified from the available for sale investments to held to maturity investments at
 fair value when the bank has the intention and ability to hold to maturity. Any related Profits and losses that
 was previously recognized in equity are treated as follows:
 - Financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity valued at amortized cost, using the effective interest method in case of impairment the profits & losses that has been previously recognized directly in equity is removed from equity and recognized in the income statement.
 - ii. Profits & losses related to financial assets without fixed or determinable maturity are held in equity till selling or dispose the asset then removed from equity and recognized in the income statement. in case of impairment the profits & losses that has been previously recognized directly in equity is removed from equity and recognized in the income statement.

I) <u>Investments in Subsidiaries and Associated Companies</u>

These investments are evaluated at cost and in case of impairment of its fair value; the book value of each
investment is adjusted by such impairment and charged to the income statement. In case of an increase in the
fair value, such increase will be added to the same category in the income statement within the limit of the
amounts previously charged. Also investments in jointly controlled companies are evaluated at cost.

J) Netting

- Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to set off the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize an asset and settle the liability simultaneously.
- Treasury Bills, Repos & reveres Repos agreements are netted on the balance sheet in 'Treasury Bills and other discountable notes at CBE'.

K) Derivatives & Embedded Derivatives

Derivatives are measured initially at fair value and subsequently re-measured at fair value. Fair values are
obtained from quoted prices prevailing in active markets, including recent market transactions, and valuation
techniques, including discounted cash flow models and options pricing models as appropriate. All derivatives
are included in assets when their fair value is positive and liabilities when their fair value is negative.

L) Repos & (Reverse Repos) Transactions

Repos (Reverse Repos) agreements are eliminated (recorded) on the financial position under "Treasury Bills
and Other Notes Discountable at the CBE "whereas its cost (revenue) is recorded in "interest received from
treasury Bills & Bonds "item in Income Statement using the effective interest method.

M) <u>Impairment of financial assets</u>

M/1) Financial Assets held to maturity

- The Bank assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a portfolio of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or portfolio of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more loss events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset and prior to the balance sheet date ('a loss event') and that loss event or events has had an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the portfolio that can be reliably estimated. Objective evidence that a financial asset or a portfolio is impaired includes observable data that comes to the attention of the Bank about the following loss events:
 - Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or obligor;
 - It becomes probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial Re-organization.

M/2) Available-for-sale Investments

• The Bank assess at each balance sheet date whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets under available for sale investments or held to maturity investment is impaired. In the case of equity instruments classified as available for sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is considered in determining whether impairment exists.

N) Assets Acquired for settlement of Debts

These Assets are recorded in the Financial Statement under "debit balances & Other Assets "at cost and in
case of a decrease of the fair value of these assets at the Financial Statement date, the difference is charged to
the income statement and the increase of the fair value should be credited to the income statement within the
limit of amounts charged in previous financial periods.

O) Provision for Doubtful Debts and Contingent Accounts:

- Provision for Doubtful Debts is established on the basis of an appraisal of the identified risk for specific loans and contingent accounts in addition to general percentages from one to five according to the basis of appraising the customer's credit worthiness issued by the central bank of Egypt on 6th of June 2005.
- Provision for Doubtful Debts decreases by loans written off and increases by recoveries of loans previously
 written off. In addition to taking all the necessary legal action required, a continuous follow up is performed
 for the recovery of all or part of the written-off amounts.

P) Contingent Liability Accounts

Contingent Liability Accounts include transactions in which the Bank is involved as a third party. Such
transactions do not represent actual bank's assets or liabilities at the Financial Statement date.

Q) <u>Cash & Cash Equivalent:</u>

• In the Statement of Cash Flow, the Cash and Cash Equivalent item includes balances of cash and due from Central Bank, current account balances with Banks and Treasury Bills with maturities of three months.

R) <u>Depreciation and Amortization:</u>

- Depreciation of Fixed Assets (except for land) is calculated on the basis of the estimated useful life of each asset using the straight-line method.
- Improvement and renovation expenses for the bank's leased premises are amortized over the period of the lease contract or the estimated useful life whichever is lower.

S) Share-based payments to employees

- The Bank engages in equity settled share-based payment transactions in respect of services received from eligible employees.
- The fair value of the services received is measured by reference to the fair value of the shares or equity
 instruments granted on the date of the grant. The cost of the employee services received in respect of the
 shares or equity instruments granted is recognized in the income statement over the period that the services are
 received, which is the vesting period.

- The bank estimate of each balance sheet date the number of options expected to be exercised and account for
 the change in original estimates, if any, in income statement with the opposite equity account on the remaining
 period.
- The net amount received by employees after calculating any related cost will be accounted in capital with par amount and premium account at the date of exercising the option.

T) Taxes

- Income Tax on the profit or loss for the financial period comprises current and deferred tax is recognized in the Income statement.
- Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year using tax rates enacted or substantially enacted at the financial position date.
- Deferred tax is provided for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realization or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the financial position date.
- A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be
 available against which the asset can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no
 longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

(3) Financial Instruments and their risk management

(3/1) Financial Instruments

A) The bank's financial instruments are represented in the financial Assets and Liabilities. The financial assets include cash, due from banks, investments and loans to customers and banks. The financial liabilities include customers' deposits, due to banks and long-term loans. Financial investments also include rights and obligations stated under " contingent liabilities and commitments "

Note No. (2) Of the notes to the financial statements includes the accounting policies applied to measure and recognize significant financial instruments and the revenues and expenses related thereto.

B) Forward Contract

According to Central Bank of Egypt instructions the bank doesn't execute deferred contracts except to
the necessary limit of short term transaction to cover its requirements of Foreign currencies or the bank's
customers' requirements to fulfill their obligations resulting from short-term transactions.

(3/2) Risk Management

A) Interest rate risk

- The value of some financial instruments fluctuates due to the fluctuation in interest rates related thereto.

 The bank follows some procedures to minimize this risk such as:
- Correlating between the interest rates on borrowing and lending.
- Determining interest rates in consideration with the prevailing discount rates on various currencies.
- Monitoring the maturities of financial assets and liabilities with its related interest rates.

Notes No. (32&33) of the notes to the Financial Statements disclose maturities of the assets and liabilities and the average interest rates applied to assets and liabilities during the period.

B) Credit risk

- Loans to customers and Banks ,financial Investments (Bonds), due from banks, rights and obligations
 from others, are financial assets exposed to credit risk which result in these parties' inability to repay in
 part or in full the loan granted to them at maturity.
- The bank adopted the following procedures to minimize the credit risk.
- Preparing credit studies about the customers before dealing with them and determining credit risk rates related thereto.
- Obtaining adequate guarantees to reduce the risks resulting from insolvency of customers.
- Monitoring and preparing periodic studies about customers in order to evaluate their financial and credit
 positions and estimate the required provisions for non performing loans.
 - Distribution of loans portfolio and due from banks over various sectors to avoid concentration of risk.

Note No. (35) Discloses the distribution of loans portfolio over various sectors.

C) Foreign Currency Risk

• The nature of the bank's activity requires the bank to deal in many foreign currencies which expose the bank to the risk of fluctuation in exchange rates. To minimize this risk, the bank monitors the balances of foreign currency positions according to Central Bank of Egypt instructions in that respect. Note No. (36) Of the financial statements discloses significant foreign currency positions at the financial statement date.

(4) Accounting estimates and assumptions

- The preparation of financial statements requires management to make subjective judgments and
 estimates, at times, regarding matters that are inherently uncertain. These judgments and estimates affect
 reported amounts and disclosures. Those judgments and estimates are based on historical experience and
 other factors containing the expectations of the future events that are reasonable estimated in accordance
 of the available conditions & information.
- The most significant areas requiring management to make judgments and estimates that affect reported amounts and disclosures are as follows:

A) <u>Impairment of the available for sale equity instruments:</u>

• In the case of available for sale financial investments, a significant or Continuous decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is considered as impairment. Where such evidence exists, significant or Continuous decline needs a personal judgment. To make this judgment the bank assesses –besides other factors- the common share price volatility. In addition, impairment exists when there is objective evidence that a certain company has a financial difficulty in its cash flow from operating and financing activities, industry tool or sector or technological advances.

B) Derivatives' Fair Value:

• For the unquoted financial instruments, the fair value is determined using a variety of valuation techniques which are tested and reviewed periodically by high qualified staffs that are independent of those who created the models. The models used are validated prior put into use. Inputs to pricing models are generally market-based when available and taken from reliable external data sources. While areas like the bank credit risk, counterparties, volatility and correlations require management to make judgments & estimations. Changes in the assumptions related to these factors may affect the financial instruments fair values which have been disclosed.

C) <u>Held to maturity Investments:</u>

• Non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity are classified as held to maturity. This category requires personal judgment therefore the bank tests whether there is a genuine intent and ability to hold such investments to maturity. If the bank fails to hold such investments till maturity (except for certain tightly defined circumstances such as if an entity sells an insignificant amount of held-to-maturity investments close to maturity date), investments should be reclassified as available-for-sale, which will be measured at fair value instead of amortized cost.

 (5) Cash And Due From Central Bank Cash & Cash Items Reserve Balance With CBE:- Current Accounts Total Cash & Due From Central Bank	Jun.30, 2009 EGP 1,120,505,546 2,994,196,070 4,114,701,616	Dec.31, 2008 EGP 1,085,952,584 3,387,059,358 4,473,011,942
(6) <u>Due From Banks</u> (A) <u>Central Bank:-</u> - Time Deposits <u>Total Due From Central Bank</u>	<u>Jun.30, 2009</u> <u>EGP</u> 2,276,345,422 2,276,345,422	Dec.31, 2008 EGP 2,421,103,945 2,421,103,945
(B) Local Banks: Current Accounts - Time Deposits Total Due From Local Banks	24,838,184 493,781,560 518,619,744	65,708,935 309,143,900 374,852,835
(C) Foreign Banks: Current Accounts - Time Deposits Total Due From Foreign Banks Total Due From Banks	154,845,296 4,857,538,023 5,012,383,319 7,807,348,485	628,734,537 2,986,706,427 3,615,440,964 6,411,397,744
 (7) Treasury Bills And Other Governmental Notes 91 Days Maturity 182 Days Maturity 364 Days Maturity Unearned Income Total Treasury Bills Reverse Repos Abroad Treasury Bills And Other Governmental Notes 	Jun.30, 2009 EGP 4,444,950,000 3,421,450,000 1,850,275,000 9,716,675,000 (340,616,043) 9,376,058,957 1,775,121,079 3,554,945 11,154,734,981	Dec.31, 2008 EGP 3,515,475,000 1,951,800,000 5,627,175,000 11,094,450,000 (612,265,165) 10,482,184,835 1,966,822,571 12,449,007,406
(8) Financial Assets For Trading - Debt Instruments: - Government Bonds - Other Debt Instruments Total Debt Instruments - Equity Instruments: - Foreign Company Shares - Mutual Fund Total Equity Instruments Total Financial Assets For Trading	Jun.30, 2009 EGP 451,174,986 36,011,632 487,186,618 59,096,622 228,022,876 287,119,498 774,306,116	Dec.31, 2008 EGP 101,369,914 44,776,795 146,146,709 59,440,478 291,967,300 351,407,778 497,554,487
	,200,110	,

(9) Financial Investment - Available For Sale Financial Investment:-		<u>Jun.30, 2009</u> EGP		Dec.31, 2008 EGP
- Debt Instruments Listed - Fair Value		6,868,768,654		1,921,272,094
- Equity Instruments Listed - Fair Value		148,258,754		244,823,746
- Unlisted Instruments		558,527,714		596,137,144
Total Available For Sale Financial Investment	_ =	7,575,555,122	_	2,762,232,984
- Held To Maturity Financial Investment:-				
- Listed Debt Instruments		285,496,534		306,374,803
- Unlisted Debt Instruments		353,196,576		374,888,471
Total Held To Maturity Financial Investment		638,693,110	=	681,263,274
Total Financial Investment	=	8,214,248,232	=	3,443,496,258
- Listed Balances		7,302,523,941		2,472,470,643
- Unlisted Balances	_	911,724,291	_	971,025,615
	=	8,214,248,232	=	3,443,496,258
- Fixed Interest Debt Instruments		6,531,078,700		1,833,967,710
- Variable Interest Debt Instruments	-	976,383,063	_	769,567,658
	=	7,507,461,763	=	2,603,535,368
	Available for Sale Financial Investment	Held to Maturity Financial Investment		<u>Total</u>
- Opening Balance 1/1/2008	2,347,587,666	443,894,166		2,791,481,832
- Addition	11,153,380,395	512,915,742		11,666,296,137
- Deduction (Selling - Recovery)	(10,611,700,507)	(273,556,529)		(10,885,257,036)
- Differences In Revaluation Of The Cash Assets In Foreign Currencies	(7,219,107)	642,669		(6,576,438)
- Profit From Fair Value Differences	(81,995,801)	-		(81,995,801)
- Deduct - Impairment Losses	(37,819,662)	(2,632,774)	_	(40,452,436)
Ending Balance 31/12/2008	2,762,232,984	681,263,274	=	3,443,496,258
- Opening Balance 1/1/2009	2,762,232,984	681,263,274		3,443,496,258
- Addition	8,277,043,342	-		8,277,043,342
- Deduction (Selling - Recovery)	(3,529,413,561)	(48,739,592)		(3,578,153,153)
- Differences In Revaluation Of The Cash Assets In Foreign Currencies	3,475,319	6,169,428		9,644,747
- Profit From Fair Value Differences	64,529,344	-		64,529,344
- Deduct - Impairment Provision Ending Balance 31/03/2009	(2,312,307) 7,575,555,122	638,693,110	_	(2,312,307) 8,214,248,232
		, ,	_	
	<u>Last 3 Months</u> <u>Jun. 30, 2009</u>	<u>Last 6 Months</u> <u>Jun. 30, 2009</u>	<u>Last 3 Months</u> <u>Jun. 30, 2008</u>	<u>Last 6 Months</u> <u>Jun. 30, 2008</u>
	EGP	EGP	EGP	EGP
- Profit (Losses) From Financial Investment				
(Losses)Profit From Selling Available For Sale Financial Instruments Losses From Impairment Of Equity Instruments Available For Sale	34,557,028	29,877,460	109,684,695 10,387,105	110,354,016 (1,763,733)
Return (Losses) Of Impairment From Available For Sale Debt Instruments	(1,166,254)	(2,312,308) 3,475,319	(41,599,442)	(64,362,711)
Profit From Selling Investments In Subsidiaries And Associates. (Losses) Profit From Selling Held to Maturity Investments	(3,664)	(7,578)	(5,225)	50,258,991 (5,209)
(33,387,110	31,032,893	78,467,133	94,481,354
(10) Other Operating (Expenses) Income	Last 3 Months	Last 6 Months	Last 3 Months	Last 6 Months
	Jun. 30, 2009	Jun. 30, 2009	Jun. 30, 2008	Jun. 30, 2008
	<u>EGP</u>	EGP	<u>EGP</u>	<u>EGP</u>
(Losses) Profits From Assets & Liabilities Revaluation Except Trading Profits From Selling Equipments And Fixed Assets	3,697,437 14,783,486	(8,714,517) 15,393,221	23,833,192 5,004,954	34,058,605 5,034,478
- Provision No Longer Used	14,703,480	13,393,221	311,533	94,706,704
- Others	(7,782,579)	(22,940,835)	8,944,239	(1,385,727)
Total	10,698,344	(16,262,131)	38,093,918	132,414,060

(11) Loans And Overdrafts		<u>Jun.30, 2009</u> <u>EGP</u>	<u>Dec.31, 2008</u> <u>EGP</u>
- Discounted Bills		908,212,638	795,836,842
- Loans & Overdrafts To Customer		27,681,200,191	26,867,609,401
- Loans & Overdrafts To Banks		219,992,540	344,498,810
Total Loans And Overdrafts	-	28,809,405,369	28,007,945,053
- Unearned Bills Discount		(113,373,034)	(119,310,349)
- Provision For Doubtful Debts		(1,410,398,063)	(1,408,297,328)
- Interest In Suspense		(123,788,100)	(150,009,498)
Net Loans And Overdrafts	- -	27,161,846,172	26,330,327,878
(12) <u>Provision For Doubtful Debts</u>		Jun.30, 2009	
		<u> </u>	
	Specific	<u>General</u>	<u>Total</u>
	<u>EGP</u>	EGP	<u>EGP</u>
- Balance At Beginning Of The Period	640,224,297	768,073,031	1,408,297,328
- Formed During The Period	-	46,259,398	46,259,398
- Recoveries From Written Off Debts	13,379,819	-	13,379,819
- Foreign Currency Revaluation Diff.	7,275,727	-	7,275,727
	660,879,843	814,332,429	1,475,212,272
- Usage During The Period	(64,814,209)	-	(64,814,209)
- Transferred from Specific to General	(12,230,000)	12,230,000	
Balance At The End Of The Period	583,835,634	826,562,429	1,410,398,063
		Dec.31, 2008	
	Specific	General_	<u>Total</u>
	EGP	EGP	EGP
- Balance At Beginning Of The Year	491,530,222	598,439,016	1,089,969,238
- Formed During The Year	175,941,000	169,634,015	345,575,015
- Recoveries From Written Off Debts	63,759,860	-	63,759,860
- Foreign Currency Revaluation Diff.	5,054,571	-	5,054,571
	736,285,653	768,073,031	1,504,358,684
- Usage During The Year	(96,061,356)	-	(96,061,356)
Balance At The End Of The Year	640,224,297	768,073,031	1,408,297,328

(13) Financial derivatives

Derivatives

The bank uses the following financial derivatives for non hedging purposes

- Forward contracts represents commitments of buying foreign and local currencies including unexecuted spot transactions. Future contracts for foreign currencies and/or interest rates represents contractual commitments to receive or pay net amount on the basis of changes in foreign exchange rates or interest rates, and/or buying or selling foreign currencies or financial instruments in a future date with a fixed contractual price under active financial market.
- Credit risk is considered low, and future interest rate contracts represents future exchange rate contracts negotiated for case by case, these contracts requires financial settlements of any differences in contractual interest rates and prevailing market interest rates on future dates based on contractual amount (nominal value) pre agreed upon.
- Foreign exchange and/or interest rate swap represents commitments to exchange cash flows, resulting from these contracts exchange of currencies or interest (fixed rate versus variable rate for example) or both (meaning foreign exchange and interest rate contracts)/ contractual amounts are not exchanged except for some foreign exchange contracts
- Credit risk is represented in the expected cost of foreign exchange contracts that takes place if other parties default to fulfill their liabilities.

 This risk is monitored continuously through comparisons of fair value and contractual amount, and to control continuously through comparisons of fair value and contractual amount, and to control the outstanding credit risk, the bank evaluates other parties using the same methods as in borrowing activities.
- Options contracts in foreign currencies and/or interest rates represents contractual agreements for the buyer (issuer) to seller (holders) as a right not an obligations whether to buy (buy option) or to sell (sell option) at a certain day or within certain period for a certain amount in foreign currency or interest rate. Options contracts are either traded in the market or negotiated between the bank and one of its client (Off balance sheet). The bank exposed to credit risk for purchased options contracts only and in the line of its book cost which represent its fair value.
- The contractual value for some derivatives options considered a base to compare the realized financial instruments on the balance sheet, but it didn't provide indicator on the projected cash flows of the fair value for current instruments, those amounts doesn't reflects credit risk or interest rate risk.
- Derivatives in the banks benefit represent (assets) conversely it represents (liabilities) as a result of the changes in foreign exchange prices or interest rates related to these derivatives. Contractual / expected total amounts of financial derivatives can fluctuate from time to time and also the range through which the financial derivatives can be in benefit of the bank or conversely against its benefit and the total fair value of the financial derivatives in assets and liabilities, hereunder are the fair values of the booked financial derivatives.

For Trading Derivatives

		<u>Jun.30, 2009</u>			Dec.31,	2008
	Notional Amount	Assets	Liabilities	Notional Amount	Assets	Liabilities
- Foreign Derivatives:-						
- Forward Foreign exchange contracts	1,381,242,725	6,952,911	5,551,789	2,572,060,181	31,916,357	31,680,875
- Currency swap	4,122,397,097	88,198,883	28,369,924	3,457,152,333	65,087,047	57,539,919
- Options	543,081,475	2,832,954	2,832,954	112,099,475	1,080,796	1,080,796
Total Derivatives (1)		97,984,748	36,754,667	-	98,084,200	90,301,590
- Interest rate derivatives:-						
- Interest rate Swaps	2,104,267,274	66,065,901	5,046,590	1,730,052	63,646,403	3,452,965
Total Derivatives (2)		66,065,901	5,046,590	=	63,646,403	3,452,965
- Commodity	875,359,675	266,672,114	266,672,114	1,235,414,832	543,160,189	543,160,189
Total Derivatives (3)		266,672,114	266,672,114		543,160,189	543,160,189
Total Assets (liability) For Trading Derivatives (1+2+3)		430,722,763	308,473,371		704,890,792	636,914,744

(14) Financial Investments in Subsidiary and Associated Companies

	Jun,30. 2009		Dec,31. 2008		
	Value (EGP)	%	Value (EGP)	<u>%</u>	
(A) Subsidiary Companies:-					
- Commercial International Capital Holding Co.	1,045,411,957	99.98	1,045,411,957	99.98	
(B) Associated Companies:-					
- Commercial International life insurance co.	44,520,250	45	44,520,250	45	
- Corplease co.	32,000,000	40	32,000,000	40	
- Cotecna Trade Support	48,750	39	48,750	39	
- Haykala for Investment	600,000	40	600,000	40	
- Egypt Factors	10,912,980	39	10,751,715	39	
- International. Co. for Appraisal and Collection.	1,000,000	40	1,000,000	40	
- International Co. for Security and Services (Falcon)	4,000,000	40	4,000,000	40	
<u>Total</u>	1,138,493,937		1,138,332,672	- =	
The Financial Investments in subsidiary companies are represented	ed as follows :-				
- Financial Investments listed in Stock Exchange	1,045,411,957		1,045,411,957		
- Financial Investments Unlisted in Stock Exchange	93,081,980		92,920,715		
<u>Total</u>	1,138,493,937		1,138,332,672	-	

(15) <u>Capital Commitments</u>

- Financial Investments:-

The capital commitments for the financial investments reached on the date of financial position EGP 139,434,199 as follows:-

	Investments value EGP	Paid EGP	Remaining EGP
- Available for Sale Financial Investments	511,694,070	373,006,121	138,687,949
- Financial Investments in associates Co.	1,395,000	648,750	746,250

- Fixed Assets and Branches Constructions;-

The value of Commitments for the purchase of fixed assets contracts and branches constructions that have not been implemented till the date of financial statement amounted to EGP 5,357,373

(16) <u>Debit Balances and Other Assets</u>	Jun.30, 2009	Dec.31, 2008
	EGP	EGP
- Accrued Revenues	591,193,906	406,019,416
- Prepaid Expenses	57,377,435	53,438,701
- Advances for Purchase of Fixed Assets	35,192,545	90,340,427
- Assets Acquired as Settlement of Debts*	48,326,607	52,165,659
- Accounts receivable and Other Assets **	22,369,575	340,657,279
	754,460,068	942,621,482

^{*} This Include The Value Of Premises That Was Not Recorded Under The Bank's Name By EGP 24,832,854 Which Were Acquired Against Settlement Of The Debts Mentioned Above, In The Same Time The Legal Procedures Are Under Process To Register Or Sell These Assets Within The period required by law.

^{**} Include EGP 15,955,151 as Assets Held For Sale.

(17) Net Fixed Assets

Jun.30, 2009

	Land	Premises	IT	Vehicles	Fitting -Out	Machines &	Furniture &	Total
						Equipment	Furnishing	
	EGP	EGP	EGP	EGP	EGP	EGP	EGP	EGP
Opening Balance (3)	61,069,448	333,362,619	519,256,213	21,076,715	189,733,497	217,017,167	91,283,428	1,432,799,087
Additions (Deductions) During The Period	-	(466,170)	100,314,614	-	35,978,399	12,464,893	4,460,549	152,752,285
Closing Balance (1)	61,069,448	332,896,449	619,570,827	21,076,715	225,711,896	229,482,060	95,743,977	1,585,551,372
Accu.Depreciation at Beginning of The Period (4)	-	106,534,258	319,565,805	19,147,242	122,003,983	106,766,149	43,530,063	717,547,500
Current Period Depreciation	-	7,914,790	45,744,120	540,984	23,194,768	12,428,290	4,369,390	94,192,342
Accu.Depreciation at End of The Period (2)	-	114,449,048	365,309,925	19,688,226	145,198,751	119,194,439	47,899,453	811,739,842
End of Period Net Assets (1-2)	61,069,448	218,447,401	254,260,902	1,388,489	80,513,145	110,287,621	47,844,524	773,811,530
Beginning of Period Net Assets (3-4)	61,069,448	226,828,361	199,690,408	1,929,473	67,729,514	110,251,018	47,753,365	715,251,587

Depreciation Rates %5 %20 %20 %33.3 %12.5 %10

⁻ Net Fixed Assets Value On The financial position Date Includes EGP 69,996,240 Non Registered Assets While Their Registrations Procedures Are In Process.

(18) <u>Due to Banks</u>				Jun.30, 2009	Dec.31, 2008
(A) Central Bank:-				<u>EGP</u>	<u>EGP</u>
- Current Accounts			-	47,219,463	75,056,264
Total Due to Central Bank			=	47,219,463	75,056,264
(B) <u>Local Banks:-</u> - Current Accounts				24,953,956	19,309,126
- Time Deposits				3,295,000,000	
Total Due to Local Banks			=	3,319,953,956	19,309,126
(C) Foreign Banks:-					
- Current Accounts - Time Deposits				203,826,420 2,891,408	116,257,050 2,847,572
Total Due to Foreign Banks			-	206,717,828	119,104,622
<u>Total</u>			-	3,573,891,247	213,470,012
<u>10tai</u>			=	3,373,071,247	213,470,012
(19) <u>Customers' Deposits</u>				<u>Jun.30, 2009</u>	Dec.31, 2008
				<u>EGP</u>	<u>EGP</u>
- Demand Deposits				14,127,599,643	13,126,519,017
- Time and Notice Deposits- Certificates of Deposit				19,925,386,405 7,986,898,527	19,946,603,875 7,395,350,361
- Saving Deposits				8,122,492,954	7,316,052,948
- Other Deposits				767,069,011	1,153,583,462
<u>Total</u>			-	50,929,446,540	48,938,109,663
(20) <u>Credit Balances and Other Liabilities</u>				<u>Jun.30, 2009</u> <u>EGP</u>	Dec.31, 2008 EGP
- Accrued Interest Payable				207,202,025	208,568,878
- Accrued Expenses				87,556,896	68,214,404
- Accounts Payable				339,682,963	702,565,326
Income TaxOther Credit balances				176,553,162 58,130,218	209,809,805 46,621,689
- Other Credit banances			<u>-</u>	50,150,210	
<u>Total</u>			:	869,125,264	1,235,780,102
(21) Long Term Loans	D 4	Matanita Dat	Matania Ti	Dalaman e	Delener 6
	Rate <u>%</u>	Maturity Date	Maturing Through Next Year	Balance as of Jun.30, 2009	Balance as of Dec.31, 2008
	<u></u>		EGP	EGP	EGP
- F.I.S.C.	7	3-5 years	20,618,356	44,376,800	30,439,600
- K.F.W	9 - 10.5	10 YEARS	7,078,587	10,950,411	16,010,946
- UNIDO	1	2011	580,591	977,395	847,580
- Ministry of Agriculture (F.S.D.P)	3.5 - 5.5 depends on maturity date	3-5 years	24,414,190	35,926,048	58,804,557
- Ministry of Agriculture (V.S.P)	3.5 - 5.5 depends on maturity date	3-5 years	65,000	105,000	125,000
- Social Fund	3 months T/D or 9% which more	2010	1,560,000	2,266,250	3,046,250
- Spanish Microfinance Loan	0.5	2012	599,029	13,566,761	-

54,915,753

Total

109,273,933

108,168,665

(22) Other Provisions Jun.30, 2009 EGP

	<u>Opening</u>	Formed	FCY Balance	<u>Usage</u>	Balance	Closing
	<u>Balance</u>	<u>During the Period</u>	Reval. Difference	<u>During the Period</u>	No Longer Required	Balance
- Provision For Income Tax Claims	146,909,685	-	-	-	-	146,909,685
- Provision For Legal Claims	1,271,113	95,542	-	(183,140)	-	1,183,515
- Provision For Contingent	206,313,939	12,343,000	1,879,302	-	-	220,536,241
- Provision For Other Claim	8,723,449	2,800,000	37,432	(4,877,933)	-	6,682,948
<u>Total</u>	363,218,186	15,238,542	1,916,734	(5,061,073)	-	375,312,389

Dec.31, 2008 EGP

	Opening Balance	Formed During the year	FCY Balance Reval. Difference	<u>Usage</u> <u>During the year</u>	Balance No Longer Required	Closing Balance
- Provision For Income Tax Claims	227,173,695	-	-	(10,264,010)	(70,000,000)	146,909,685
- Provision For Legal Claims	1,123,118	487,075	(1,194)	(337,886)	-	1,271,113
- Provision For Contingent	167,036,000	38,760,000	517,939	-	-	206,313,939
Provision For Other Claim	-	9,723,449	-	(341,489)	(658,511)	8,723,449
<u>Total</u>	395,332,813	48,970,524	516,745	(10,943,385)	(70,658,511)	363,218,186

(23) Shareholders Equity

(A) Capital:-

- The authorized capital reached EGP 5000 million according to the extraordinary general assembly decision on 19 Mar, 2006
- Issued and paid in capital reached EGP 2925 million to be divided on 292.5 million shares with EGP 10 par value for each share on 31/07/2008 according to board of directors decision on 21/02/2008 by using 975 million from general reserve.
- The extraordinary general assembly approved in the meeting of 26 june,2006 to activate a motivating and rewarding program for the bank's employees and managers through employee share ownership plans (ESOP) by issuing a maximum of 5% of issued and paid-in capital at par value, through 5 years starting 31,dec 2006 and delegated the board of directors to establish the rewarding terms and conditions and increase the paid in capital according to the program.
- Dividend deducted from shareholders' equity in the period in which the General Assembly recognizes the shareholders of this dividend, which includes the share of workers in the profits and remuneration of the Board of Directors stated in the law

(B) Reserves:-

- According to the bank statues 5% of net profit is to increase legal reserve until reaches 50% of the bank's issued and paid in capital
- Concurrence of central bank of Egypt for usage of special reserve is required.
- According to CBE regulations, a reserve and retained earnings accounts has been formed for difference revaluation for financial investment (available for sale) for prior years
- According to Central Bank of Egypt new regulation issued in December 16, 2008 regarding the rules of preparation bank financial statements and foundations for the evaluation, an amount of EGP 27,615 thousands has been deducted from the credit balances, special reserve and retained earnings by EGP 13,571 thousands in December 31, 2008 in result of fair value revaluations for those balances

(24) Contingent Liabilities And Commitments		<u>Jun.30, 2009</u> <u>EGP</u>		Dec.31, 2008 EGP
- Letters Of Guarantee		11,445,962,379		10,852,904,384
- Letters Of Credit (Import And Export)		843,322,410		1,933,869,400
- Customers Acceptances		702,623,531		504,220,921
<u>Total</u>	- -	12,991,908,320	<u> </u>	13,290,994,705
(25) Net Interest Income	<u>Last 3 Months</u> <u>Jun. 30, 2009</u>	<u>Last 6 Months</u> <u>Jun. 30, 2009</u>	<u>Last 3 Months</u> <u>Jun. 30, 2008</u>	<u>Last 6 Months</u> <u>Jun. 30, 2008</u>
- Interest Received from Loans and similar items;-	<u>EGP</u>	<u>EGP</u>	<u>EGP</u>	<u>EGP</u>
- Banks - Clients	32,154,252 538,021,104 570,175,356	79,493,723 1,112,335,910 1,191,829,633	325,947,020 447,707,358 773,654,378	647,690,004 916,576,950 1,564,266,954
- Treasury Bills and Bonds - Reverse Repose	277,505,161 24,542,834	593,932,921 50,894,083	55,320,416	105,368,796
- Financial Investment In Debt Instruments Held to Maturity and Available for Sale - Other	118,503,447 63,128.00	175,944,691 63,128.00	10,763,812 61,929	14,857,055 97,464
<u>Total</u>	990,789,926	2,012,664,456	839,800,535	1,684,590,269
- Interest Paid on deposits and similar items:-	66,864,927	97,170,443	55,374,596	117,336,168
- Clients	461,412,304	961,404,751	414,248,295	810,545,518
	528,277,231	1,058,575,194	469,622,891	927,881,686
- Other	410,472	836,326	300,176	480,486
<u>Total</u>	528,687,703	1,059,411,520	469,923,067	928,362,172
<u>Net</u>	462,102,223	953,252,936	369,877,468	756,228,097
(26) Trading Net Profit	Last 3 Months Jun. 30, 2009 EGP	<u>Last 6 Months</u> <u>Jun. 30, 2009</u> <u>EGP</u>	<u>Last 3 Months</u> <u>Jun. 30, 2008</u> <u>EGP</u>	Last 6 Months Jun. 30, 2008 EGP
- Profit From Foreign exchange	82,351,443	164,164,501	69,934,070	129,598,054
- Revaluations of Assets and Liabilities in Foreign Currencies	(208,919)	793,568	(4,659,090)	(5,396,597)
- Profit From Forward Foreign exchange Deals Revaluation	(4,929,622)	1,005,425	494,060	(1,472,580)
- Profit From Intrest Rate Swaps Revaluation	(5,018,595)	825,870	(24,283,051)	(130,612)
- (Losses) Profit From Swap Deals Revaluation	(110,215)	(452,345)	6,274,788	9,426,408
- Debt Instruments For Trading	65,176,006	152,363,354	54,444,692	94,481,068
- Equity Instruments For Trading	8,897,770	379,790	(1,061,368)	3,284,980

(27) Comparative Figures

- According to Central Bank of Egypt new regulation issued in December 16, 2008 regarding the rules of preparation bank financial statements, some items in income statement and cash flow statement have been restated

(28) <u>Deferred Tax Assets and Liabilities</u>		Assets (liabilities)		Assets (liabilities)
		Jun.30, 2009		Dec.31, 2008
Deferred tax assets and liabilities are attributable to the following:		EGP		<u>EGP</u>
 Fixed Assets (Depreciation) Other Provisions(Excluded Loan Loss, Contingent Liabilities And 		(24,720,601)		(26,037,670)
Income Tax Provisions)		1,573,293		1,998,913
- Other Items(Other Investments Revaluation Difference)		28,996,204		28,533,744
- Reserve For Employee Stock Ownership Plan (ESOP)		25,372,038		17,345,581
<u>Total</u>	= =	31,220,934	- =	21,840,568
(29) Reconciliation Of Effective Tax Rate	Last 3 Months	Last 6 Months	Last 3 Months	Last 6 Months
	Jun. 30, 2009	Jun. 30, 2009	Jun. 30, 2008	Jun. 30, 2008
	<u>EGP</u>	<u>EGP</u>	<u>EGP</u>	EGP
- Profit Before Tax	528,671,220	1,101,122,834	592,646,265	1,105,788,790
- Tax Rate	20%	20%	20%	20%
Income Tax Based On Accounting Profit	105,734,244	220,224,567	118,529,253	221,157,758
Add / (Deduct)				
- Non-Deductible Expenses	(317,016)	3,022,453	(1,161,003)	93,309
- Tax Exemptions	(19,226,314)	(58,934,298)	(39,421,000)	(75,748,837)
- Effect Of Provisions	6,519,874	2,860,074	(6,539,139)	(7,437,230)
Income Tax	92,710,788	167,172,796	71,408,111	138,065,000
Effective Tax Rate	17.54%	15.18%	12.05%	12.49%

rning Per Share <u>Last 3 Months</u> <u>Last 6 Months</u> <u>Last 6 Months</u>		Last 3 Months	Last 6 Months
Jun. 30, 2009	Jun. 30, 2009	Jun. 30, 2008	Jun. 30, 2008
<u>EGP</u>	<u>EGP</u>	<u>EGP</u>	<u>EGP</u>
435,960,432	933,950,038	521,238,154	967,723,790
(6,539,406)	(14,009,251)	(7,818,572)	(14,515,857)
(43,596,043)	(93,395,004)	(52,123,815)	(96,772,379)
385,824,983	826,545,783	461,295,767	856,435,554
292,500,000	292,500,000	292,500,000	292,500,000
1.32	2.83	1.58	2.93
299,101,053	299,101,053	295,478,665	295,478,665
1.29	2.76	1.56	2.90
	Jun. 30, 2009 EGP 435,960,432 (6,539,406) (43,596,043) 385,824,983 292,500,000 1.32	Jun. 30, 2009 Jun. 30, 2009 EGP EGP 435,960,432 933,950,038 (6,539,406) (14,009,251) (43,596,043) (93,395,004) 385,824,983 826,545,783 292,500,000 292,500,000 1.32 2.83 299,101,053 299,101,053	Jun. 30, 2009 Jun. 30, 2009 Jun. 30, 2008 EGP EGP EGP 435,960,432 933,950,038 521,238,154 (6,539,406) (14,009,251) (7,818,572) (43,596,043) (93,395,004) (52,123,815) 385,824,983 826,545,783 461,295,767 292,500,000 292,500,000 292,500,000 1.32 2.83 1.58 299,101,053 299,101,053 295,478,665

(31) Share-Based Payments

- According to the extraordinary general assembly meeting on June 26, 2006, the bank launched new employees share ownership plan (ESOP) scheme and issued equity-settled share-based payments. Such employees should complete a term of 3 years of service in the bank to have the right in ordinary shares at face value (right to share) that will be issued on the vesting date; otherwise such grants will be forfeited. Equity-settled share-based payments are measured at fair value at the grant date, and expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting year (3 years) with corresponding increase in equity based on estimated number of shares that will eventually vest. The fair value for such equity instruments is measured by use of Black-Scholes pricing model.

Details of the rights to share outstanding during the Period are as follows:

	Number of Shares
- Outstanding At The Beginning Of The Period	2,978,665
- Granted During The Period *	2,978,003 3,622,388
- Forfeited During The Period	-
- Exercised During The Period	-
- Expired During The Period	-
- Outstanding At The End Of The Period	6,601,053

- The estimated fair value of the equity instrument granted to the first tranch is EGP 30.54 .
- The estimated fair value of the equity instrument granted to the second tranch is EGP 54.12 .
- The estimated fair value of the equity instrument granted to the third tranch is EGP 27.40 .
- * Includes 1,489,333 shares to offset the dilution effect of the stock dividend granted in 2008.
- * Includes 29,800 shares have been granted to CICH staff, The cost of this particular issue will be charged to CICH.
- The equity instrument fair value for the first and the second trenches have been adjusted to reflect the dilution effect of the Stock dividend that took place in 2008.

(32) Assets And Liabilities Maturities	<u>Maturity</u> <u>Within One Year</u>	<u>Maturity</u> Over One Year
Assets:-		
- Cash And Due From Central Bank	4,114,701,616	-
- Due From Banks	7,807,348,485	-
- Treasury Bills And Other Governmental Notes	11,491,796,079	-
- Trading Investments	774,306,116	-
- Available For Sale Investments	7,575,555,122	-
- Customers' Loans and Overdrafts	13,637,763,121	14,827,861,608
- Banks' Loans and Overdrafts	7,888	219,976,764
- Held To Maturity Investments	-	638,693,110
- Investments In Subsidiary Companies	-	1,138,493,937
- Debit Balances And Other Assets	754,460,068	-
<u>Total</u>	46,155,938,494	16,825,025,420
<u>Liabilities:-</u>		
- Due to Banks	3,573,891,247	-
- Customer Deposits	42,928,526,691	8,000,919,849
- Long Term Loans	54,915,753	53,252,912
- Credit Balances and Other Liabilities	869,125,264	-
<u>Total</u>	47,426,458,954	8,054,172,761

(33) Interest Rate

The average interest rates applied for assets and liabilities during the Period in local currency are 7.17 % & 3.37% respectively.

(34) Tax Status

- The bank's corporate income tax position has been examined and settled with the tax authority from the start up of operations up to the end of year 1984.
- Corporate income tax for the years from 1985 up to 2000 were paid according to the tax appeal committee decision and the disputes are under discussion in the court of law.
- The bank's corporate income tax position has been examined and settled with the tax authority from 2001 up to 2004.
- Corporate income tax for the years 2005-2006 will be examined from the tax authority.
- The bank pays salary tax according to concerning domestic regulations and laws, and the disputes are under discussion in the court of law.
- $The \ bank \ pay \ stamp \ duty \ tax \ according \ to \ concerning \ domestic \ regulations \ and \ laws, \ and \ the \ disputes \ are \ under \ discussion \ in \ the \ court \ of \ law \ .$

(35) <u>Distribution of Assets, Liabilities and Contingent Accounts</u>

1st Assets:-	Local Currency	Foreign Currency
- Due From Banks	25,038,184	7,782,310,301
- Loans & Overdrafts	<u>EGP</u>	%
Agriculture Sector	46,545,413	0.16
Industrial Sector	11,324,539,181	39.31
Trading Sector	472,462,990	1.64
Services Sector	10,685,743,862	37.09
Household Sector	2,715,846,149	9.43
Other Sectors	3,564,267,774	12.37
Total Loans & Overdrafts (Including unearned interest)	28,809,405,369	100.00
Unearned Discounted Bills	(113,373,034)	
Provision for Doubtful Debts	(1,410,398,063)	
Unearned Interest & Commission	(123,788,100)	
Net Loans & Overdrafts	27,161,846,172	
2nd Liabilities:-	<u>Local Currency</u>	Foreign Currency
- Due to Banks	3,321,857,516	252,033,731
- <u>Customers' Deposits</u>		
	<u>EGP</u>	%
Agriculture Sector	141,609,259	0.28
Industrial Sector	5,323,194,398	10.45
Trading Sector	1,964,235,754	3.86
Services Sector	10,765,456,353	21.14
Household Sector Other Sector	26,668,459,491 6,066,491,285	52.36 11.91
Total Customers' Deposits	50,929,446,540	100.00
3rd Contingent Accounts:-	Local Currency	Foreign Currency
Letters Of Guarantee	5,085,971,898	6,359,990,480
Letter Of Credit (Import & Export)	18,703,653	824,618,757
Customers Acceptances	30,353,656	672,269,875
Total Contingent Accounts	5,135,029,207	7,856,879,112

(36) Main Currencies Positions	<u>Jun.30, 2009</u>	Dec.31, 2008
	in thousand EGP	in thousand EGP
- Egyptian Pound	8,830	(6,756)
- US Dollar	38,520	4,714
- Sterling Pound	4,019	(3,303)
- Japanese Yen	(542)	(333)
- Swiss Franc	1,099	1,024
- Euro	1,768	15,811

(37) Mutual Funds

- Osoul Fund

- The Bank established an accumulated return mutual fund under license no.331 issued from capital market authority on 22/02/2005. CI Assets Management Co.- Egyptian joint stock co - manages the fund.
- The number of certificates issued reached 35,981,574 with redeemed value EGP 5,133,850,978.
- The market value per certificate reached EGP 142.68 on 30/06/2009.
- The Bank portion got 1,764,961 certificates with redeemed value EGP 251,824,635 .

- Istethmar Fund

- CIB bank established the second accumulated return mutual fund under license no.344 issued from capital market authority on 26/02/2006. CI Assets Management Co.- Egyptian joint stock co manages the fund.
- The number of certificates issued reached 4,091,698 with redeemed value EGP 306,959,184.
- The market value per certificate reached EGP 75.02 on 25/06/2009.
- The bank portion got 194,744 certificates with redeemed value EGP14,609,695.

- Aman Fund (CIB and Faisal Islamic Bank Mutual Fund)

- The bank and Faisal Islamic Bank established an accumulated return mutual fund under license no.365 issued from capital market authority on 30/07/2006. CI Assets Management Co.- Egyptian joint stock co manages the fund.
- The number of certificates issued reached 1,026,158 with redeemed value EGP 61,179,540.
- The market value per certificate reached EGP 59.62 on 25/06/2009.
- The bank portion got 41,933 certificates with redeemed value EGP 2,500,045.

(38) Transactions With Related Parties

All Banking Transactions With Related Parties Are Conducted In Accordance With The Normal Banking Practices And Regulations Applied To All Other Customers Without Any Discrimination.

	EGP
- Loans & Overdrafts	452,838,739
- Investment in Subsidiary Companies	1,138,493,937
- Held To Maturity Bonds in Subsidiary	16,124,098
- Available For Sale Mutual Fund Managed by Subsidiary	77,514,931
- Customer Deposits	238,141,475
- Contingent Accounts	65,774,915

	<u>Income</u>	Expenses
	<u>EGP</u>	<u>EGP</u>
- International Co. for Security & Services (Falcon)	484,307	23,095,999
- Corplease Co.	20,965,394	978,944
- Commercial International Life Insurance Co.	4,357,542	1,882,376
- Commercial International Brokerage Co.	1,685,238	1,150,971
- Dynamic Company	1,090	18,246
- Egypt Factors	527,161	15,775
- CI Assets Management	10,529,807	92,272
- Commercial International Capital Holding Co.	9,922	13,809